

ASU Downtown Campus Catalyst for Downtown Revitalization

2008

Opening of first leg of light rail: ASU Main Campus <---> Downtown Phoenix





ASU Downtown Business Advisory Center



Leveraging the University's Assets to Help Develop Small Businesses in the Downtown Core













Center for the Advancement of Small Business

- •Located on the main campus
- •Director: Mary Lou Bessette
- •Average 25 communications a week, 1,000 a year
- •Two staff members
- •No fee for service





CASB Current Services

Connects faculty and MBA student advisors with aspiring entrepreneurs and small business owners
Provides seminars on starting or improving small businesses
Works with College of Business to place interns in businesses
Awards the Spirit of Enterprise to exemplary local businesses
Focuses on Hispanic and family-run small businesses

ASU Downtown Business Advisory Center

Satellite center focused on small business development in the downtown core

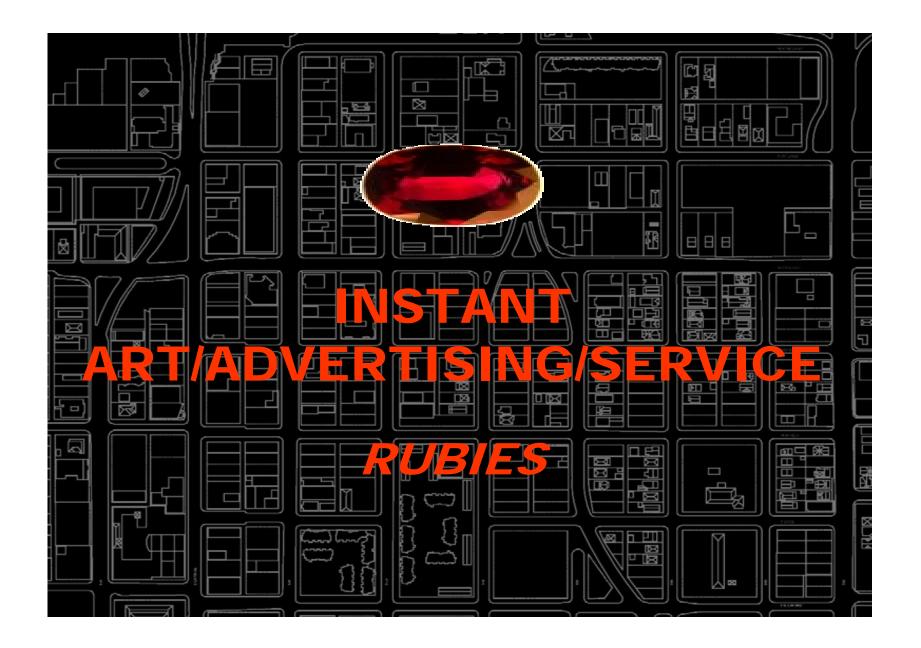






Proposed DBAC services

- •Continue main center's programs downtown
- •Host networking events; support information sharing
- •Administer year-long student internship program
- •Organize similar faculty program
- •Hold annual grant contest:best student business plan would receive funding to start in the downtown

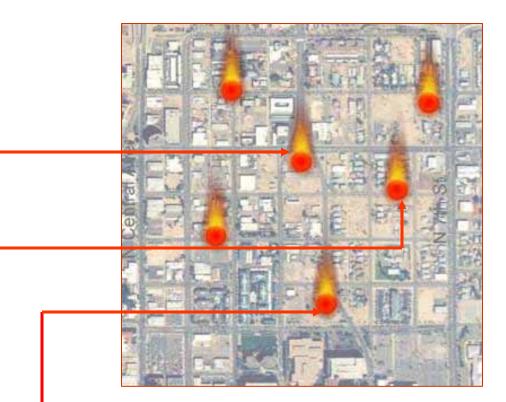


Instant Art/Advertising/Service









Elements of Instant Activation





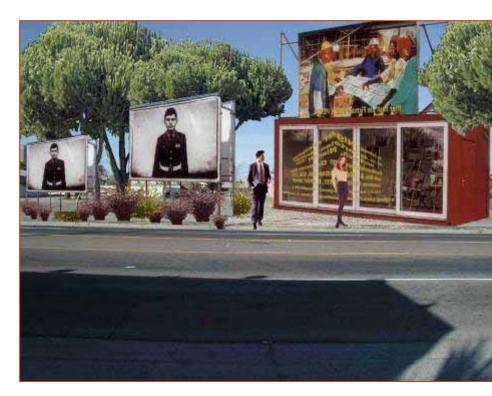


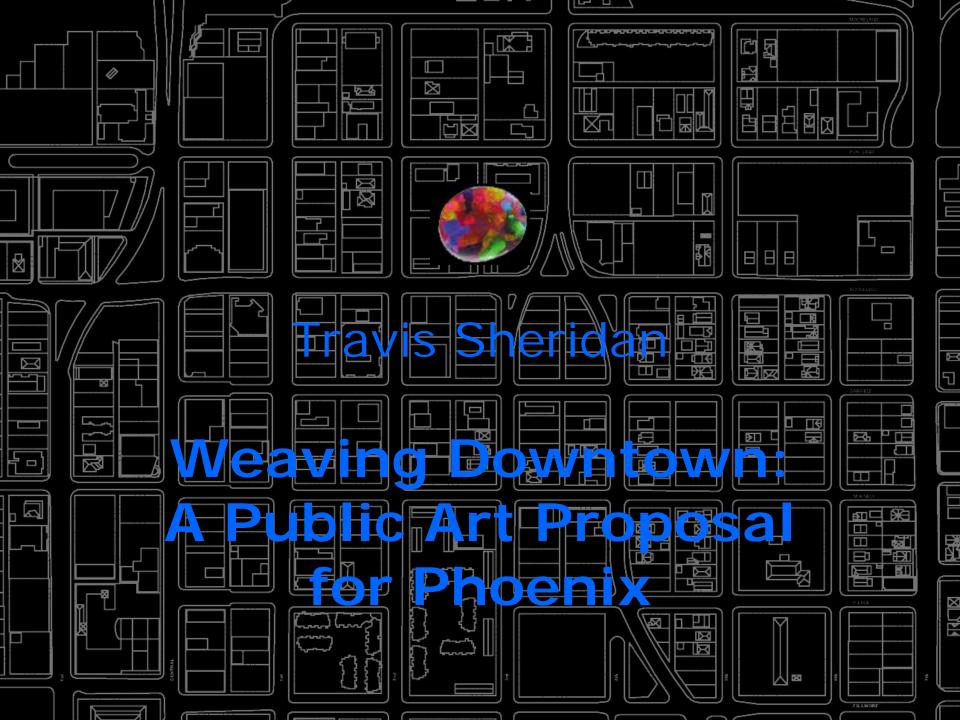


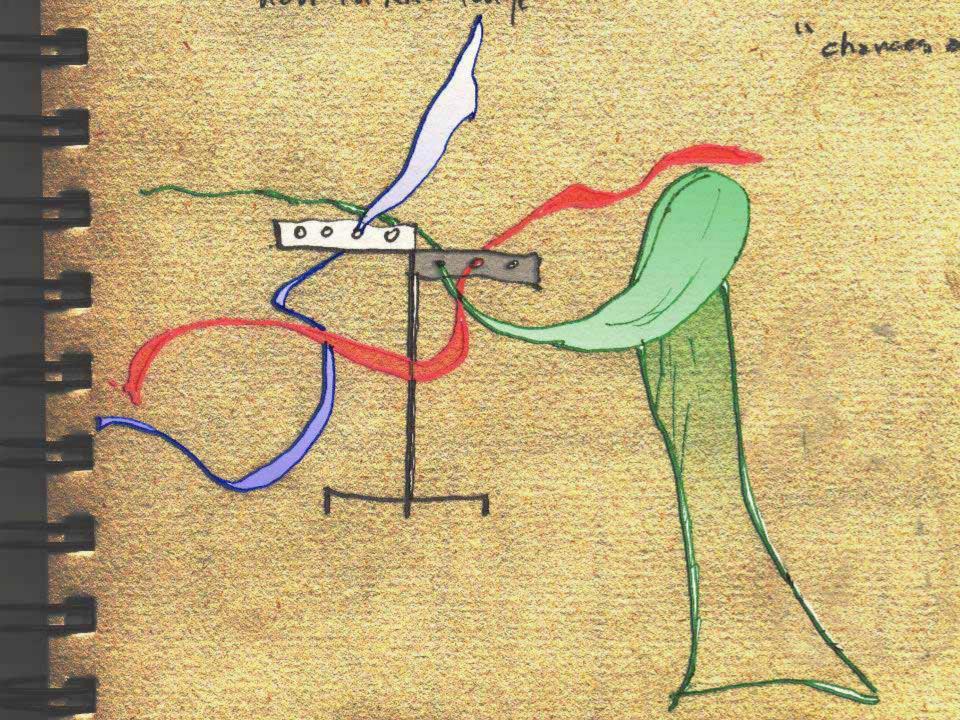
Mobile Architecture

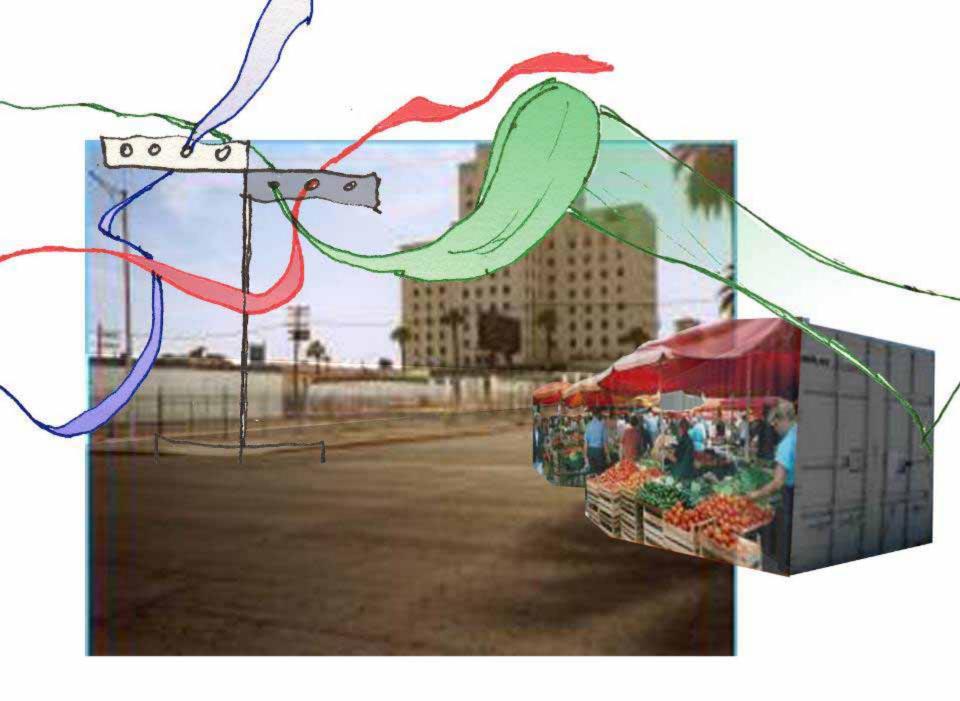
Reuse and modification of existing elements such as shipping containers that will adapt to a variety of functions: coffee shops, art galleries, book fairs, information kiosks, etc.



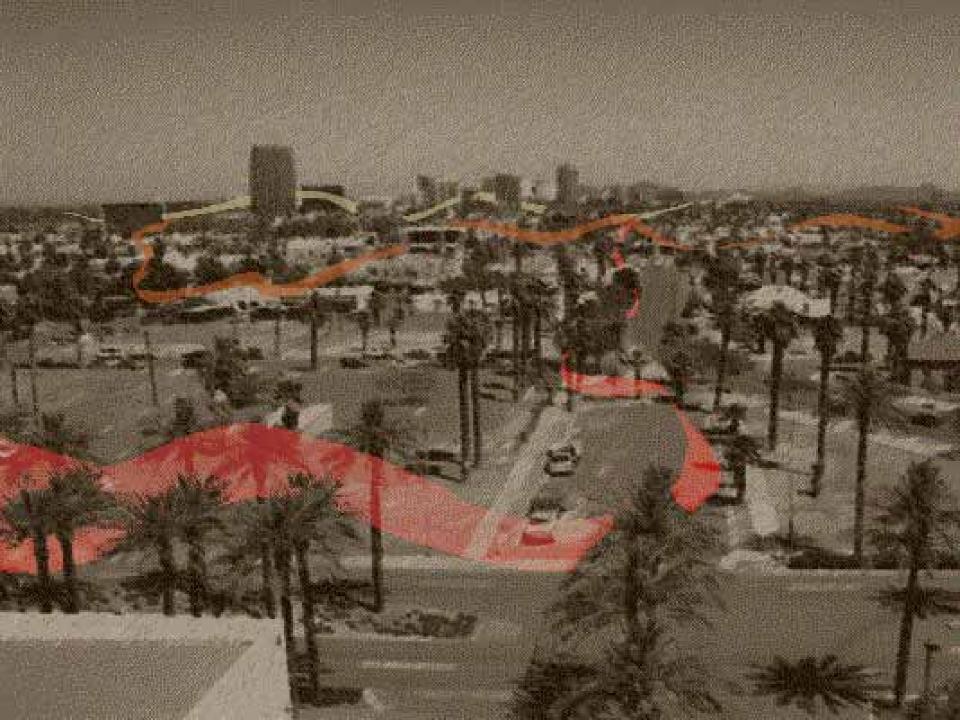


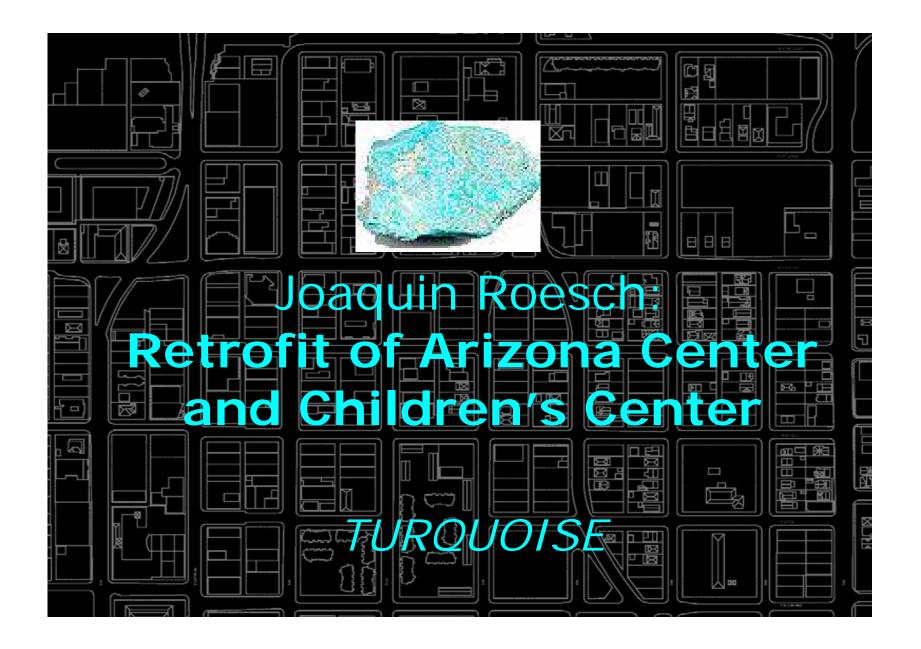




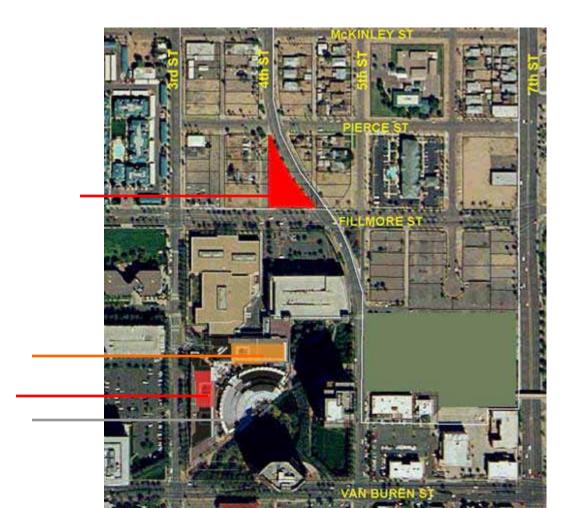








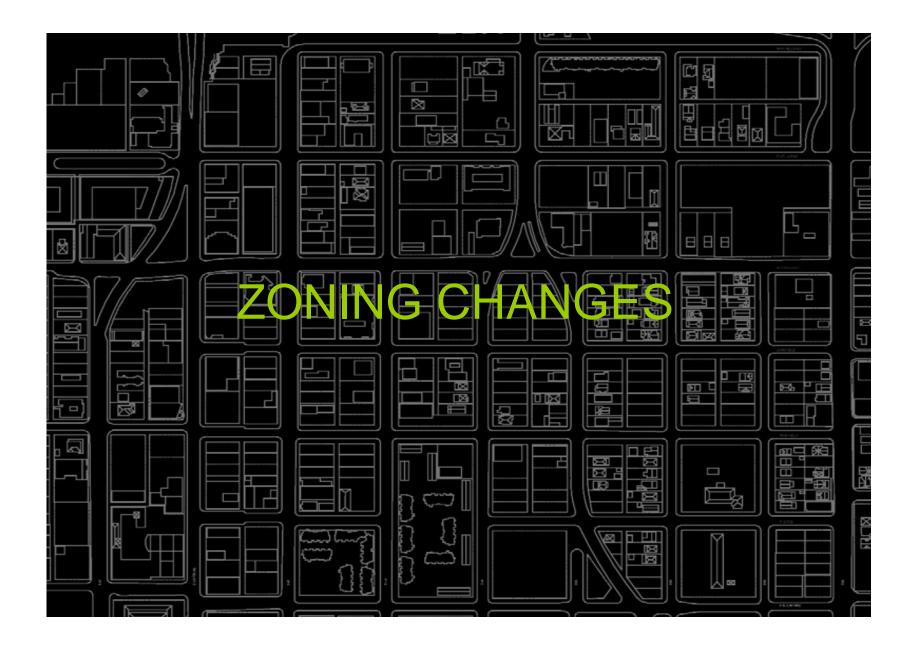












Remove:

- HR-I overlay district
- Lot size limitation on the UR overlay district

Add:

- Zero lots (reduce the setbacks)
- •Small minimum lot size (65' x 18')
- •Count street parking as part of development



Mayors' Institute for City Design (MICD) Mayors Council on Homelessness and Affordable Housing





Uptown Plaza, Central & Camelback. From Arizona Highways, April, 1957



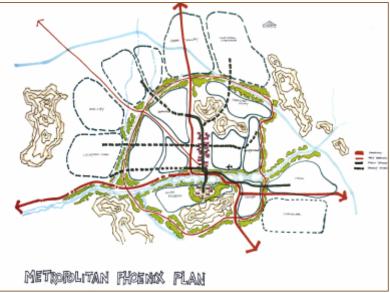
Central Ave. & Indian School Rd ~ from Arizona Highways, April, 1957

R/UDAT, 1974

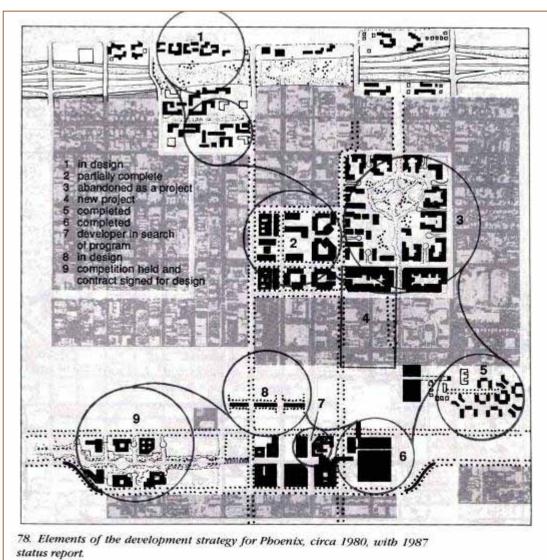
"This report presents one possible physical and social plan for Maricopa County and (its metropolitan) cities. But the report goes further than presenting just one of many answers to the complex issues which face Maricopa County in planning for its future development. The report presents a structured model which can provide a way to identify important issues, to attack new problems as they arise, and to choose the best alternatives from different available options."







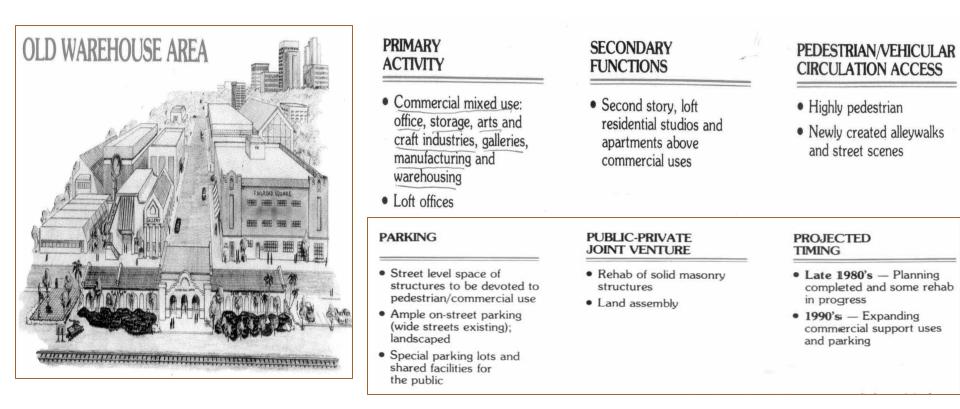
THE NECKLACE CONCEPT 1979 (Phoenix Community Alliance)



(Tracik)

Phoenix Futures Forum Urban Form Group 1980's

Warehouse District, 1983 (updated 1999)



This portion of downtown is characterized by the railroad tracks which encouraged the original distribution and industrial warehouse and service center. While some of the area south of the tracks continues to be used by industry and warehouses, some of the older buildings north of the tracks are converted into a mixture of shops, merchandise display areas, loft offices, and enterprises for visitors and residents alike. Of particular interest is the rehabilitated railroad depot.

CENTRAL AVENUE IMAGE IMPROVEMENTS

Prepared by Gruen Associates

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And Carol Shuler, Inc.

for the

City of Phoenix

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March 31, 1988

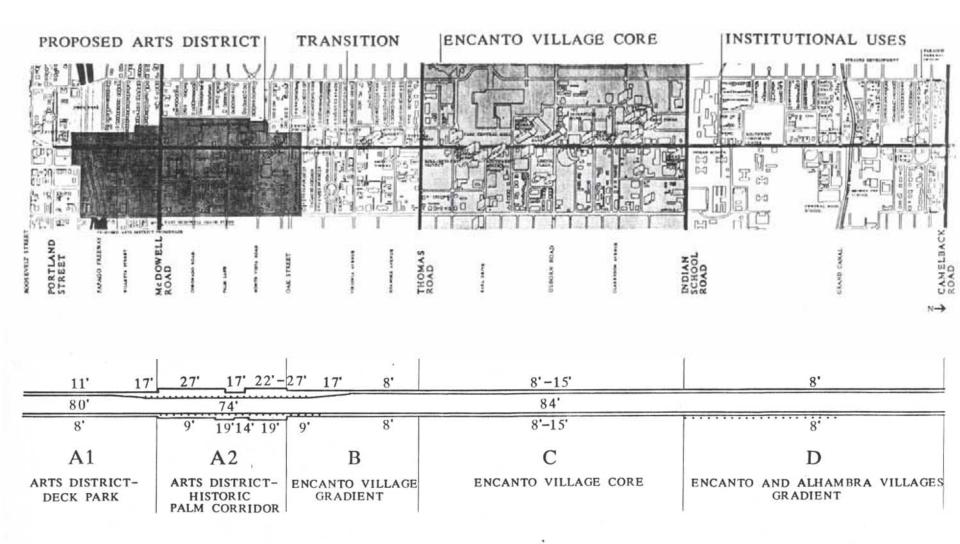
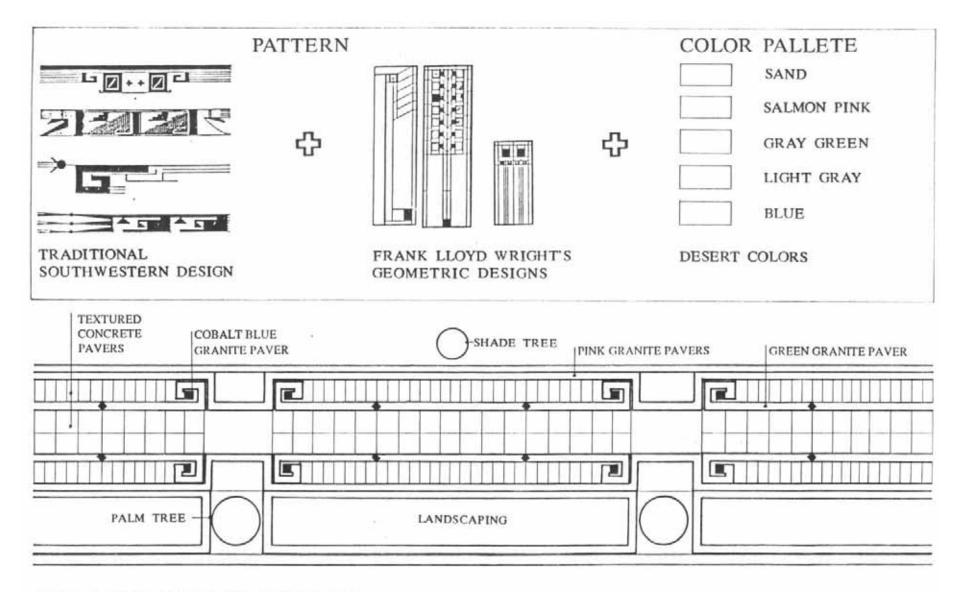


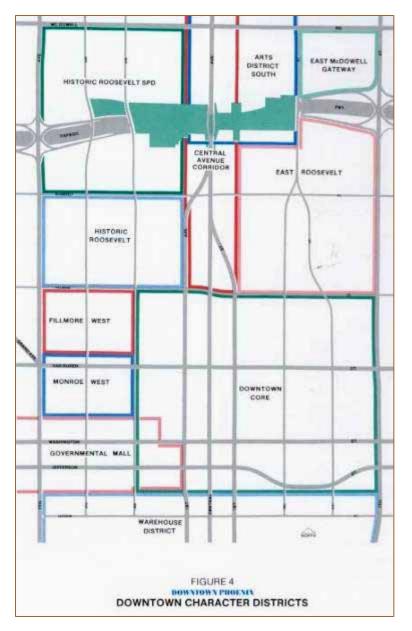
Figure 1 MAJOR PLANNING AREAS AND R-O-W ANALYSIS

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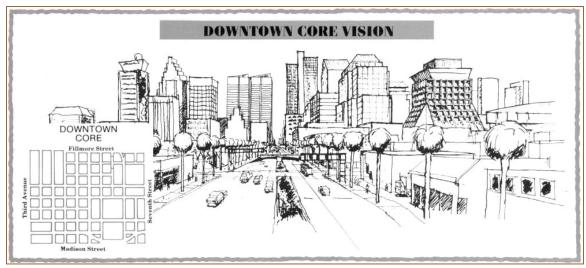


GEOMETRIC LINEAR PATTERN

Phoenix 25 Year Vision, 1991

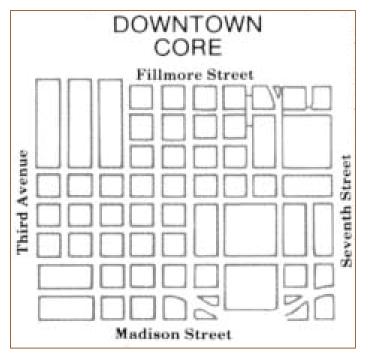


Phoenix 25 Year Vision, 1991

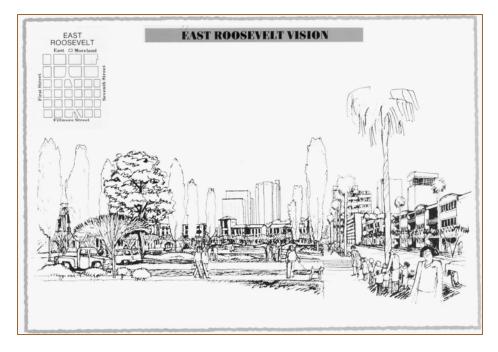


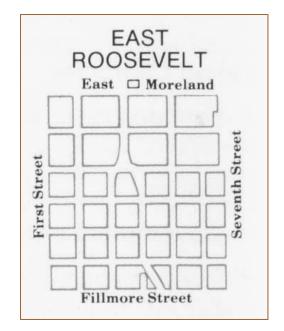
Character Changes Over Next 25 Years

- Shaded walkways throughout, including arcades and tree-lined streets
- No surface parking
- Open space network, with clearly defined pedestrian linkages between plazas and parks; linear parks along Second Street and Second Avenue
- Vibrant nightlife, including Arena, museums, other culture and entertainment, restaurants and pubs, throughout the week and on weekends
- Shuttle transit service linking core to Governmental Mall and North Central Avenue business district
- Gateway treatment at Seventh Street intersections with Van Buren, Washington and Jefferson Streets
- Additional hotels supporting convention and associated uses
- Restored historic structures



Phoenix 25 Year Vision, 1991

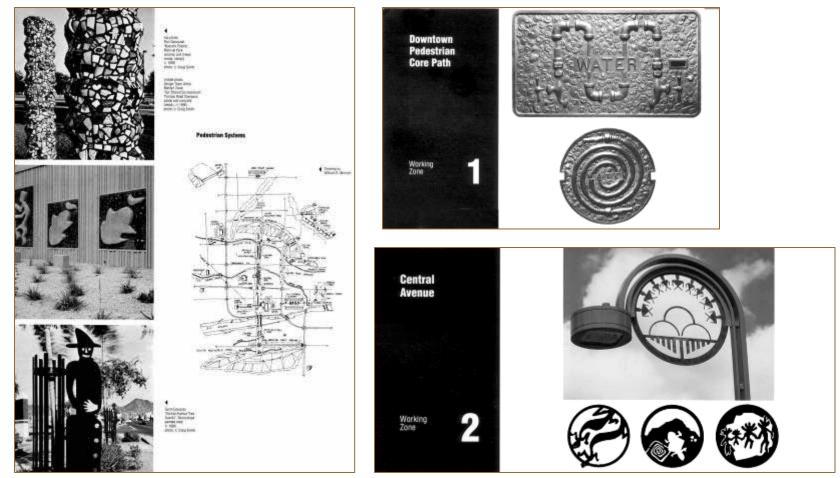




Character Changes Over Next 25 Years

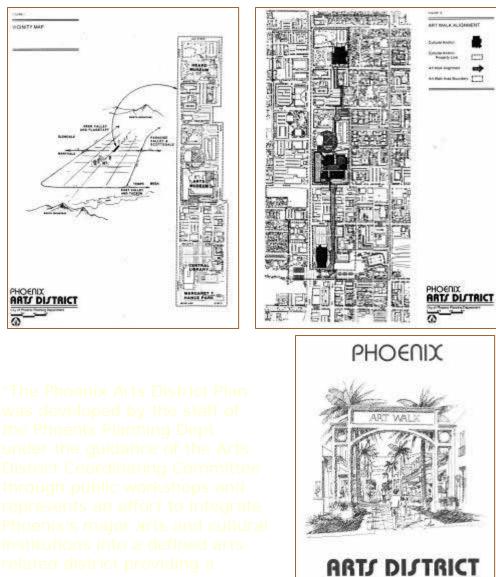
- High density housing added in the interior near Margaret T. Hance Park and east of St. Croix Villas
- Infill offices and new campus style developments replace scattered individual, older projects
- Seventh Street image enhanced with new commercial projects and streetscape amenities
- Retail services strengthened along East Roosevelt
- High intensity mixed commercial development (mid-rise or high rise) constructed on Roosevelt between Third and Fourth Streets
- Pedestrian and bicycle linkages to Margaret T. Hance Park created along the Second Street linear park and Third Street bikeway.

Master Plan for Public Art, 1991



"We began with some basic assumptions. Being familiar with the recent history of the Public Art movement in the U.S., we believed that, at every opportunity, artists should be included in design teams on public building projects. We created a hierarchy of public art project types, a priority listing that governs the project approach that is taken with any artwork project: (1) Placing artists on design teams. (2) Integrating artworks into construction projects. (3) Purchasing or commissioning artworks after construction."

Arts District Plan, 1991





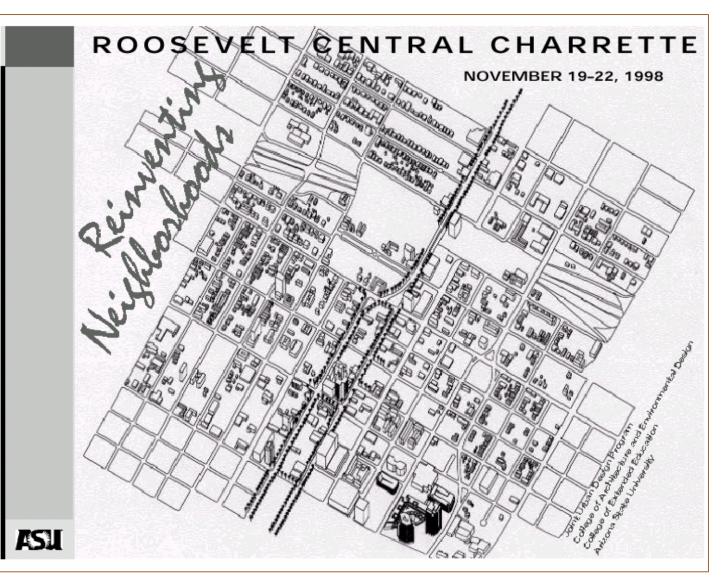
Infill Incentive District Rezoning Vacant Parcels Mixed Use **Urban Villages** TODs PODs

Strategic Vision Update *Downtown Phoenix Partnership* 1997 (update of 1992 Vision)

Some highlights:

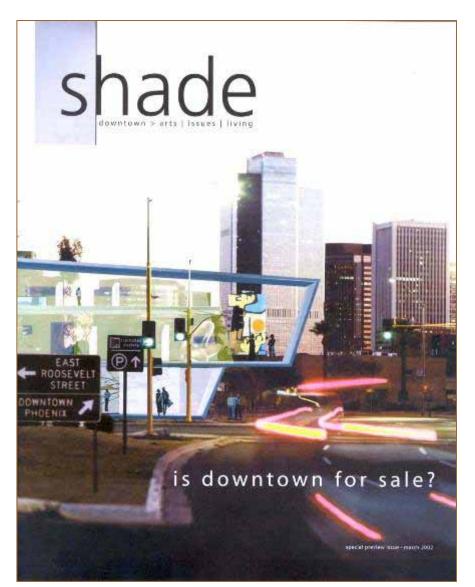
- Extend "sphere of influence" beyond core
- Expand housing opportunities
- Create safe, walkable environment
- "Utilize ASU more effectively"

Roosevelt Central Charrete, 1998



A charrette held in conjunction with Pau Winslow, architect, ASU, and other community leaders to catalog the existing area and buildings in the northern downtown region. Proposals were developed to direct growth. The Roosevelt Central Committee and NIA continue to develop these proposals.

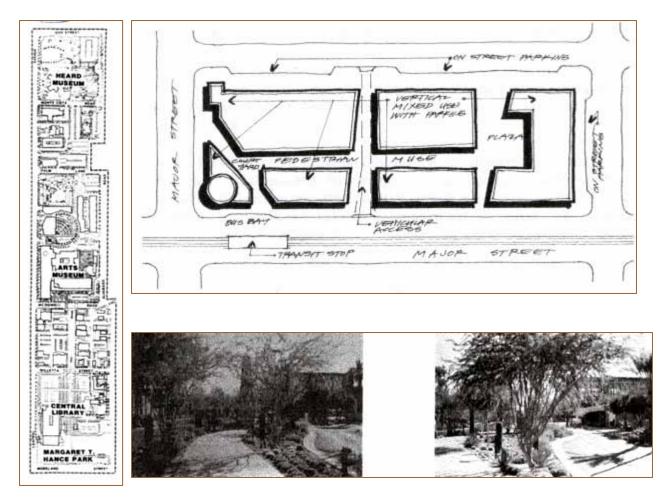
Joe Herzog's Proposal ASU Thesis Award 2000



Proposal by an ASU graduate student for activating downtown Phoenix.

From the cover of *Shade* magazine.

Phoenix Arts District Community Development Corporation (PhAD CDC), 2001



Mission Statement 12/21/01

"To foster physical and economic development, and continuing vitality within the Phoenix Museum District and other central city arts clusters."

2nd Avenue Corridor, 2001

2nd Avenue Corridor Study **Community Forum** November 13, 2001

A study analyzing the merits of Second Avenue in order to promote more growth and development

Supportable Development Summary

Project Type	Residential Units	Retail Footage	Office Footage	Restaurant Footage	Parking Requirement
High-Density Mixed-Use	200-300	30,000	50,000	20,000	500-700
Medium-Density Mixed-Use	100-200	20,000		10,000	300-400
Low-Density Multi- Family	50-100				50-200
Specialty Grocer / Mixed- Use Retail		40,000		40,000	200-250
Urban Entertainment Center (UEC)		30,000		30,000	50-200



HUNTER INTERESTS

GP 2100

Greater Phoenix 2100 ASU Research Project Goal: To bridge gap between ASU Research and community policy-making

Region

A Regional Partnership for the Future

Region 2025 Vision Effort Underway

The Maricopa Association of Governments Region 2025 Vision project is a public/private partnership to involve citizens of the region in an intensive effort to form a vision of what this region should be in the year 2025.

The vision will address all aspects of the future quality of life in the region including land use, transportation, environmental quality, education and public safety. It also will address issues involved with how to move the region toward achieving the vision.

One of three Region 2025 Vision Committee Co-chairs, Diane McCarthy, executive director of WESTMARC, says that the Region 2025 Vision "offers a unique opportunity to address the region's needs."

She adds "I hope we will all leave our preconceived notions at the door and sit together and listen to the concerns. that are out there and figure out how to address them."

The effort will be broad based and participatory. The Region 2025 Vision Committee, which will lead the effort, represents the diversity of the region. Members were selected from 300

nominations made by elected officials who serve on the Maricopa Association of Governments Regional Council.

Richard Thomas, another of the three co-chairs, also chaired the citizen-based Blue Ribbon Committee that recommended the initiation of the Region 2025 Vision project to the Maricopa Association of Governments Regional Council. He is convinced that this region must plan for its future if it is to continue to maintain and enhance its quality of life.

The future planning effort 'will provide an opportunity to assure that our quality of life remains a priority," says Thomas, a Scottsdale city councilman.

The Blue Ribbon Committee conducted a mationwide study of over fifteen regions, made site visits to peer regions, and held extensive discussions with experts on regionalism. The committee members concluded that a comprehensive vision for quality of life in the region can provide a focused framework for future decision-making.

MAG Regional Gouncil Chair Elaine M. Scruggs, mayor of Glendale, says the Maricoga Association of Governments

Region 2025 Vision planning effort will help to assure that the region maintains a high quality of life for its residents.

With its responsibility for reginnal planning and a membership that covers the entire Valley, the Regional Council is the most appropriate group to convene this important. project, she adds. Maricopa Association of Governments is the designated metropolitan planning organiration for the region and has worked with its member agencies-cities. towns, American Indian communities and Maricopa County-on a variety of regional issues.

"The intent of forming a broad-based committee is to ensure that a diversity of interests will participate in an openprocess" says Mayor Scruggs. "We expect the committee will reach out to as many people as possible and consider all types of issues."

An effective regional vision will identify a common future that is desired by and accessible to all citizens in the region, agrees James M. Bourey, MAG executive director.

Continued .

The Oasis, 2001

A proposal by the Phoenix Union Alumni Association and The Metropolitan Arts Institute for the Phoenix Union Site

THE OASIS AN URBAN VILLAGE FOR ART & CULTURE, EDUCATION AND BUSINESS

A Downtown Renewal Project for Phoenix



Proposed by

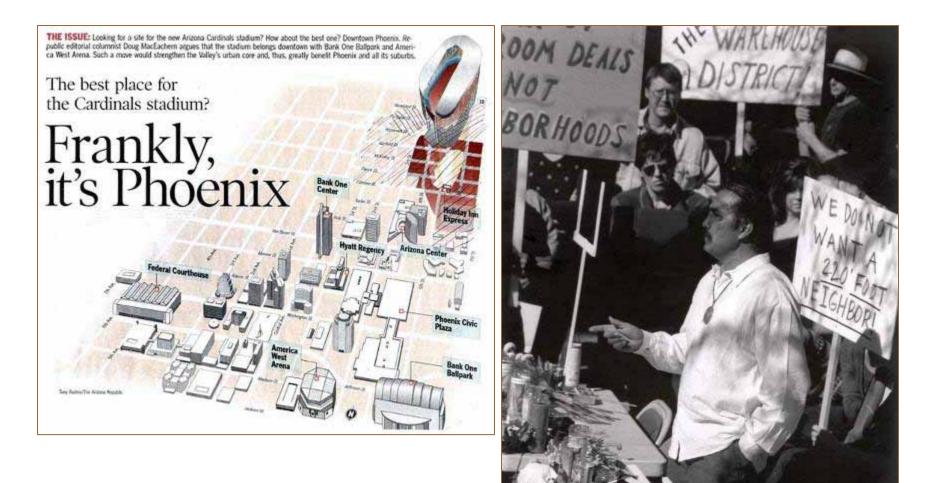
The Phoenix Union Alumni Association and The Metropolitan Arts Institute

Written by: Matt Baker, Derk Janssen and Patricia Olson

Edited by: Don Jackson, Lionel Sanchez and Pat King

DECEMBER 2001

The Stadium Saga 2001-02



THE ARIZONA REPUBLIC

Dec. 6, 2002

City takes creative turn with downtown plans

Phoenix envisions artistic haven for urbanites

By Yvonne Wingett

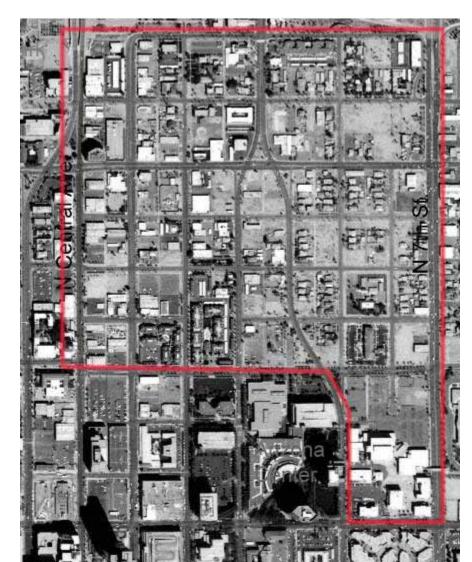
In yet another attempt to strengthen downtown Phoenix, city planners are pitching a plan for a thriving urban hub with outdoor cafes, art galleries, townhomes and a hopping nightlife that would rival that of Tempe and Scottsdale. The plan is to develop an area once targeted for the Arizona Cardinals stadium, a 160-acre parcel within walking distance of other high-profile projects that have failed to sustain downtown dining and shopping, such as the Arizona Center and the Mercado.

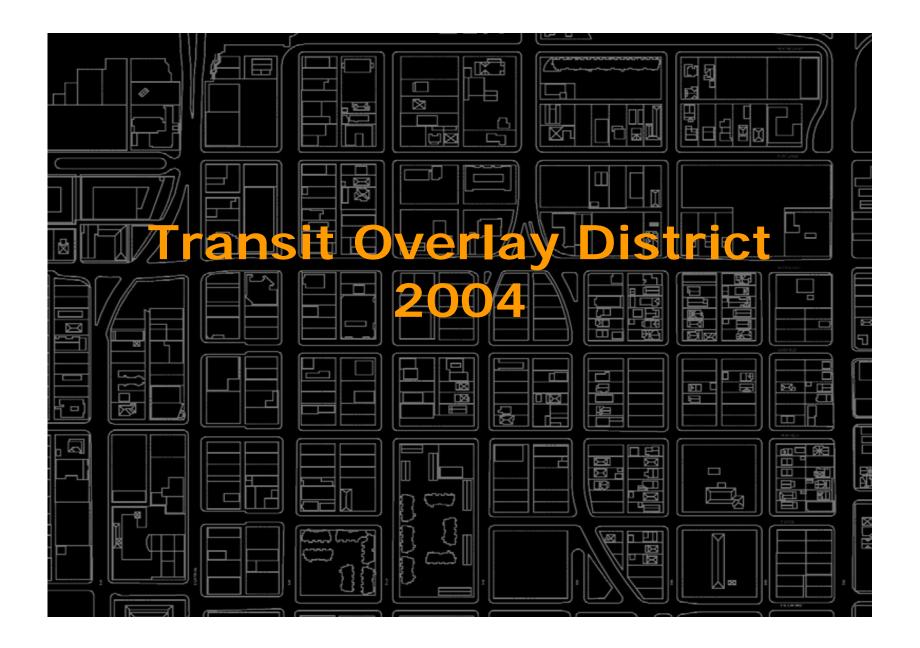


Draft of Plan for Area North of Fillmore LONG RANGE AREA VISION 11.19.02

- Intense, urban pedestrian oriented area, open 24/7
- Mix of land uses to support the downtown core and surrounding neighborhoods
- Destination for bio-medical research and related development of products, higher education, arts and entertainment
- Mix of 3-4 to 6-8 story buildings with diverse, but compatible architecture
- Buildings developed close to the street to form continuous street fronts, but no superblock or megastructures
- Preservation of large individually eligible historic structures in place
- Invisible parking
- Urban open space

Evans-Churchill Design Guidelines City of Phoenix 2004



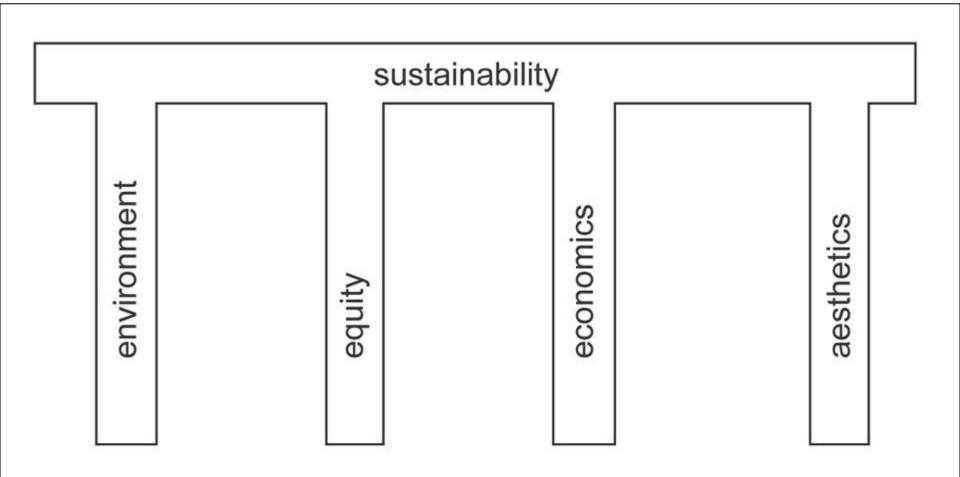


Four D's of Livability

Diversity Density Dynamism Democracy

Four E's of Livability

Environment Economics Equity Esthetics



Sustainability rests upon 4 pillars.

Livable Phoenix Building Community Together